## ZERO BEAT

#### HAMPDEN COUNTY RADIO ASSOCIATION, INC

1 QSL BUREAU

SPRINGFIELD, MASS

ARRL AFFILIATED, 34th YEAR

#### NEXT MEETING

Oct. 1,1982 Feeding Hills Congregational Church 8:00pm

Jay Rusgrove of Advanced Receiver Research will be on had to present topics concerning UHF & VHF construction techniques. His background and involvement in state of the art electronics should serve as solid base in a discussion of an area of electronics where an extra quarter of inch of lead length can spell the difference between success and failure.

#### 1982-1983 Meeting Schedule

Date	Topic and Speaker	Chairman		
Nov. 5	Annual Auction	Dick, N8BQU		
Dec. 10	Christmas Party	Ron, WB1ETS & Steve, WA1ETF		
Jan. 8	VHF Potpouri, Frank Potts, WA1RWU Areciebo Observatory, John Balboni, AC1T	John, AC1T		
Feb. 5	VHF Sweepstakes Linear Amp Design, Steve Politian, K1FO	John, AC1T & Malcom, WB1CLO		
Mar. 5	Satellite Receiving, Yorke Phillips, K1BXE	Jeff, K1BE		
Apr. 2	ATV, Carl Prarie, N1AHW	Jeff, K1BE		
May 7	Annual Flea Market	Gent, WA1CQF		
June	Banquet	Malcolm, WB1CLO & Steve, WA1EYF		
	Field Day	DICAG! MWITTT		

# W. MASS. SCM NEWSLETTER



de WlJP

#### MUSINGS FROM THE SCM

Here it is the middle of August! I sit at my desk writing a newsletter to the amateurs in Western Mass., not being entirely sure how to distribute it. The ARRL allows me one mailing annually to all members in the section. That could not only turn out to be expensive, but extremely time-consuming in terms of addressing and licking stamps. The thought of distributing via local club newsletters is attractive to me but may place an unfair burden on others. We'll see how it works out.

Let me introduce myself. I am William (Bill) Hall, and my address and telephone number can be found on p. 8 of every issue of QST. I was first licensed in 1958 as KNØPGA, upgrading to KØPGA shortly after. I moved to New England and became K1RPB in 1961. In 1963, I earned my Extra Class license. In December, 1976, I had the option of taking a 2-letter call and became WlJP. A good deal of my early amateur interests consisted of building and testing gear.

How do I view my job as SCM? You folks elected me for a 2-year term starting January 1, 1982. In January, '83, I will be offered the option of staying on as SCM or becoming SM in the new Field Organization. I believe I will choose the latter, because the scope fits better. My job as I see it now is to manage the communications affairs for Western Mass. I have a very capable SEC and SCM who take care of the ARES and NTS, respectively. The Section Club Coordinator does an excellent job keeping me abreast of the happenings in the section. I make appointments, issue certificates and awards, keep records, and write a monthly report for QST. Overall, I spend 3-4 hours a week on the administrative details for which the SCM is responsible. One last item that may be of importance to you. Several times a year, I meet with John Sullivan WIHHR, who is New England Director, ARRL. I represent you, members from the Western Mass. Section, and I appreciate any of your comments forwarded to me in writing.

#### HAM INFO

Quite frequently, I receive packages of information from the League pertaining to a broad range of amateur subject matter. For instance, there are summaries of pending FCC rules, changes, and proposals, League position papers (like opposition to codeless licenses), latest call signs issued, club bulletins, minutes of directors' meetings, public information bulletins, and even the ARRL Annual Report. If you would like a copy of any of these, please send me an appropriate SASE.

#### SIMULATED EMERGENCY TEST (SET)

"It is essential to the security of the United States to have telecommunications facilities adequate to satisfy the needs of the nation during and after any national emergency", says Presidential Directive NR53. That's where we come in folks! During the weekend, October 16-17, we will get an opportunity to demonstrate our ability to provide this service and to prove it to the "National Communications System HQ" established by the government.

The SET net schedule is set forth below. We would like to see as much activity as possible, so check into one of your local repeaters at the scheduled times and send a message to Aunt Tillie in Oskosh or solicit traffic from your neighbor. It's terrific PR for the neighborhood. Several NTS and ARES nets will also be active. Use emergency power if possible.

Sometime on Sunday, an interesting scenario will develop. A very severe thunderstorm will hit the area early in the morning. A few hours later, reports of widespread illness are flashed on TV nationwide. Phone lines become jammed. Relief operators are unavailable because they are too weak to travel. Electric service becomes sporatic. A few deaths occur. An airplane is missing. A great mysterious web is woven. Can the hams help? You bet! Follows now the SET net schedule I obtained from SEC WBlHIH.

#### SET NET SKEDS (Saturday and Sunday, Local Time)

<u>Time</u>	NET	Туре	Mode	Frequency	
0830*	WMEN	Section	PHone	3937 KHz	
0900*	WMEN	Local	2M FM	Local Repeater	
1000	WMFN	Section	Phone	3935	
1100		Local	2M FM	Local Repeater	
1200	WMEN	Section	Phone	3937	
1300	WMFN	Section	Phone	3935	
1400		Local	2M FM	Local Repeater	
1600	WMFN	Section	Phone	. 3935	
1700		Local	2M FM	Local Repeater	
1800	WMEN	Section	PHone	3937	
1900	WMN	Section	CW	3562	
2000		Local	2M FM	Local Repeater	
2200	WMN	Section	CW	3562	

<sup>\*</sup> Sunday only.

If you would rather not get involved, so be it. At least, do a <u>little</u> eavesdropping, it should prove mysterious and interesting on Sunday.

#### ARPSC LEADERSHIP ROSTER

The Amaterur Radio Public Service Corps (ARPSC) consists of the National Traffic System (NTS) and Amateur Radio Emergency Service (ARES). Listed below are the names and calls of the leaders in each group.

Section Communications Manager Bill Hall WlJP Brimfield

NTS

Section Traffic Manager

Bill Voedisch WlUD Leominster

Net Manager, W. Mass. Fone Net

Art Zavarella WlKK Agawam

Net Manager, W. Mass. (CW) Net Don Haney KAlT Harvard

#### ARES

Section Emergency Coordinator

District Emerg. Coord., Worcester Co.

Emerg. Coord., N. Worcester Co.

Emerg. Coord., S. Worcester Co.

Emerg. Coord., Berkshire Co.

Emerg. Coord., Franklin Co.

Emerg. Coord., Hampshire Co.

Emerg. Coord., Hampden Co.

Net Manager W. Mass. Emerg. Net

Dick Goodman WBlHIH Williamstown

Bob Armstrong WlJTL Fitchburg

Tom Duffy KlJHC Leominster

Vacant

Ed Prezenik WBlDBN Pittsfield

Dick Cummingham WBlHKN Erving

Dave Schwartz WlGAJ Amherst

Vacant

Vacant

#### CLUBS

Affiliated Club Coordinator

Al Purseglove WlYI Hadley

The above are not empty titles. Each position held is actively pursued by the above, with commitments which range from once per week to 7 days a week of participation. My hat's off to all, and my regret is only that three positions suddenly became vacant at this time of writing.

#### N.E. DIRECTOR'S ANNUAL REPORT

I received a copy of the ARRL Annual Report this past summer. Within it is John Sullivan's comments to the Board of Directors. I thought I'd pass them on to you.

The Board of Directors
The American Radio Relay League

Ladies and Gentlemen:

It is my pleasure to submit my seventh report to the membership. I have been privileged to represent the amateurs of New England on the Board for this period of time.

This report should reflect the concerns of the membership and not facts that show how many hamfests or conventions have been held in the Division. I feel that this report should bring out the concerns and attitudes expressed to me in letters, telephone calls and meetings.

With WARC having been wound down, there is not one single cause to unite the amateurs. True, we know of many problems that are very important to the amateur community, however each amateur doesn't feel threatened with a loss as they did in the battle for frequencies.

If an amateur is not having antenna or tower difficulties, he does not give much attention to this problem. This is about the way each feels about problems that do not presently threaten him. And so for most, membership in the American Radio Relay League is a subscription to *QST*. Even then it is compared to other publications on the same subject, without a thought that *QST* is a journal of the activities of the League.

Many an amateur reads QST at the library or borrows it from a friend and does not lend any support to our cause. The burden falls on the shoulders of our loyal members. We must look to ways to make belonging to the League a more visible benefit than just QST. We must also en-



courage the membership to take a more active part in running the ARRL.

If an amateur can receive some service that he or she desires without providing support to the organization, why join? However if membership is required to receive this desired service, then I am quite sure that the support will be forthcoming. The League should extend a welcoming hand to the non-member and encourage him or her to

join us. It seems that I am asked the question, "Do I really have to be a member to receive a DXCC Award?" This query is put to me at nearly every club meeting that I have attended. There are those amateurs that want but do not want to give.

If the League curtails their ability to obtain such services, they will have two choices, continue as they are presently doing or be a member.

The second challenge that we face is showing the member that he or she are active partners in running the League and not just another number on the *QST* label.

During the latter part of 1981, I have been discussing with clubs the "New Look" that may be coming. It seems the membership is waiting to see this change in the field organization and the club structure. If we as Directors implement the suggestions of the Long Range Planning Committee, we will be on the path of giving the League "back to the members". It must be done with sincerity and not by going through the motions. If there is a realization that their voice is being heard and that they are being given the opportunity to help make decisions, we will be well on the way to a stronger A.R.R.L.

Right now, ARRL Headquarters in Newington is a somewhat vague and remote location where the Board of Directors meet, make motions and raise the dues. I am sure that if many of these members are brought into the picture with greater detail, we will have a membership that understands that all of the problems that face the Board do not have simple solutions. There will be concern and not apathy.

For us to accomplish this task, we as Directors should look as far down the road as possible in our planning. Each of us should present our motions to the Board Members as early as possible as they can be given the con-

sideration they deserve. If we, the Directors, do this as early in the game as possible, the membership will have an opportunity to consider and comment on these actions. This will surely give them the knowledge that we are sharing our task with them. Perhaps they will realize the solutions are not always the way they would want it to be but the way it must be.

To sum up this report, membership in the League must be made more meaningful, in benefits received and responsibilities shared.

Respectfully submitted.

Jahr C. Sullmin

John C. Sullivan, W1HHR
Director, New England Division
Columbia, Connecticut



Don't buy a Subaru, if you intend to install "CB's, HAM's, (sic) Garage door openers, etc." That's the advice of C. Lynn Swinney, Customer Relations Manager of Subaru Atlantic, Inc., Columbia, MD. If the other importers would only follow suit and make similar recommendations about their products, we are sure Detroit would breathe a sigh of relief. Car sales of domestic models would zoom.

Before we too hastily applaud Mr. Swinney for such noble candor, we should point out he actually recommended that Albert Jacobs not install any of the above named devices in his new Subaru. This was, unfortunately, several weeks after Mr. Jacobs had closed the deal and paid for the car.

When Mr. Jacobs was dickering with the salesman, he had asked about installing a radio transmitter in a Subaru. No problem! When the car was delivered, the owner's manual carried a warning about such installations and suggested contacting the dealer, who could explain the necessary precautions. You guessed it; the dealer knew nothing about it when Mr. Jacobs contacted him.

Finally, the dealer gave Mr. Jacobs the number of the regional service manager. Presumably, if Subaru hadn't informed the dealer, at least the regional service representative would know about the situation. Oddly enough, the regional service representative didn't seem to know any more about this potential problem than the others. He suggested Mr. Jacobs contact the importer and to that end gave him the phone number. Mr. Jacobs called and spoke with people in the importer's office. Finally one of them told him there "probably wouldn't be any trouble" hooking a transmitter to the same place the broadcast radio connects to the power lines. Mr. Jacobs asked for a letter to that effect. The person became indignant and said he "wouldn't stick his neck in the noose."

Besides deceptive sales practices and shoddy customer relations, Subaru is guilty of another sin—sloppy engineering. Electronics, particularly microcomputers, have invaded most areas of modern existence at the same time that radio transmitting devices have proliferated. Subaru is not alone in putting electronics into cars to control the engine, but their attitude is singular. It is foolish and unrealistic to assume these devices will not be subject to intense radio frequency fields.

One foreign manufacturer recently introduced a model with electronic fuel injection. Unfortunately, the design was deficient. Radio waves of strong enough potential, whether internally or externally generated, destroyed the control module. Many owners had their engine fail in the middle of the expressway when a passing driver activated his mobile transmitter. The engines didn't start again until the fuel injection modules were replaced. The manufacturer quickly found a cure, retrofitted the cars already sold and modified the production procedures to include the protective devices. Similar stories can be told about other manufacturers and speed controls, electronic brake controls, climate controls and dome lights. Cures performed at the production line are cheap and easy; ones done in the field are not.

Contrary to the assertion in Mr. Swinney's letter, it doesn't matter whether the radio waves are generated inside or outside the automobile. Radio waves are radio waves. If a device is susceptible to one, it will be susceptible to the other. You know the old gag about being a little bit pregnant.

A responsible manufacturer will strive to correct a deficient design, not to stonewall his dissatisfied customer. The growth of transmitting devices is not limited to Amateur Radio and Citizen's Band — there are police, ambulances, fire fighters, mobile telephones, business band, garage door openers and radios ad infinitum. Perhaps Subaru might want to consider improving their electronic circuits — or, at least, expanding the list of people who shouldn't buy their products.

#### STATION APPOINTMENTS

ARRL's field organization has a place for every active amateur who has a station. The Communications Department organization exists to increase individual enjoyment and station effectiveness in amateur radio work, and we extend a cordial invitation to every amateur to participate fully in the activities, to report results monthly, and to apply to the SCM for one of the following station appointments. ARRL membership and the conditional class or higher license or VE equivalent is prerequist to all appointments, except where otherwise indicated.



#### FROM RUMOR CONTROL

Soon to be released will be the totally new I-CAME 750 HF transceiver. It will be a kilowatt mobile transceiver featuring a pair of 813's in the final and guaranteed to fit in the back seat of any import automobile. Also it is currently being certified by the Coast Guard for use in marine service as standby equipment in the event that a vessel's primary anchor become inoperative.

QRM Magazine is presently running the rig through its paces and will be featuring it in its product review in the near future. However, publication will be delayed approximately two weeks since the technical editor is recuperating with a hernia. (Something about moving a rig from the car to the lab)

Some of the rig's features are a push to talk microphone which has a built in spring in the push to talk switch which will overpower your thumb after 60 minutes to allow for a transmission from the party you're in as with. Also included is a built in "uhh" and "hello test" generator which will help you in loading up. Other nifties are a built in dummy load which also serves as the antenna when mobile. Options are a 100hp diesel engine to charge the batteries and helper springs for the transporting vehicle's rear suspension. lifetime theft insurance is included at no extra cost.

#### REPLACEMENT PARTS

With the increasing use of imported equipment, we are encumbered with the problem of replacement parts when the Super Band Blaster bites the dust with a cloud of smoke. Many manufacturers have stateside service centers which will sell you repair parts at nominal cost. But, what happens when you need an IC chip for a piece of gear which isn't backed by a service organization. The major semiconductor manufacturers carry extensive cross reference information at supply houses. Of course, the chip you're looking for won't be listed by Motorola, GE, RCA, Sylvania or anybody else.

However, there is one more possibilty....an outfit named Fuji-Seva Inc. They carry many import type transistors, IC's, and other devices. With no minimum order requirements and toll free WATS service, they are certainly worth a try for that elusive part.

Contact:

Fuji-Seva Inc. PO Box 40325 Cincinnati, Ohio 45240 800-421-2841

#### STATION REFERENCE SHEET

#### ARRL NUMBERED RADIOGRAMS

The letters ARL are inserted in the preamble in the check and in the text before spelled out numbers, which represent texts from this list. Note that some ARL texts include insertion of numerals. Example: NR I R WIAW ARL 5 NEWINGTON CONN DEC. 25 DONALD R SMITH AA 164 EAST SIXTH AVE AA NORTH RIVER CITY MO AA PHONE 733 3968 BT ARL FIFTY ARL SIXTY ONE BT DIANA AR. For additional information about traffic handling consult Operating an Amsteur Radio Sixtion, published by ARRL.

THENTY FOLD F

Group One For Possible "Relief Emergency" Use		TWENTY FOUR	Evacuation of residents from this area urgently needed. Advise plans for help.		
ONE	Everyone safe here. Please don't worry.	TWENTY FIVE	Furnish as soon as possible the weather conditions at your location.		
TWO	Coming home as soon as possible.	TOUT NETTY CLY			
THREE	Am in hospital. Receiving excellent care and recovering fine.	TWENTY SIX	Help and care for evacuation of sick and injured from this location needed at once.		
FOUR	Only slight property damage here. Do not be concerned about disaster reports.	Emergency/priority messages originating from official sources, must carry the signature of the originating official.			
FIVE	Am moving to new location. Send no further mail or communication. Will inform you of	Group Two Routine messages			
	new address when relocated.	•	Greetings on your birthday and best wishes		
SiX	Will contact you as soon as possible.	FORTY SIX	for many more to come.		
SEVEN	Please reply by Amate   Pladio through the	FIFTY	Greetings by Amateur Radio.		
	amateur delivering this message. This is a free public service.	FIFTY ONE	Greetings by Amateur Radio. This message is sent as a free public service by hai," radio		
EIGHT	Need additional mobile or portable equipment for immediate emergency use.		operators here at Am having a wonderful time.		
NINE	Additional radio operators needed to assist with emergency at this location.	FIFTY TWO	Really enjoyed being with you. Looking forward		
TEN	Please contact Advise to standby and	ELECTIVE CE	to getting together again.		
	provide further emergency information, instructions or assistance.	FIFTY THREE	Received your It's appreciated; many thanks.		
ELEVEN	Establish Amateur Radio emergency communi-	FIFTY FOUR	Many thanks for your good wishes.		
TWELVE	Anxious to hear from you. No word in some	FIFTY FIVE	Good news is always welcome. Very delighted to hear about yours.		
IMELYA	time. Please contact me as soon as possible.	FIFTY SIX	Congratulations on your, a most worthy		
THIRTEEN	Medical emergency situation exists here.	FIFTI SIX	and deserved achievement.		
FOURTEEN	Situation here becoming critical. Losses and	FIFTY SEVEN	Wish we could be together.		
	damage fromincreasing.	FIFTY EIGHT	Have a wonderful time. Let us know when you		
FIFTEEN	Piease advise your condition and what help is needed.		return.		
SIXTEEN	Property damage very severe in this area.	FIFTY NINE	Congratulations on the new arrival. Hope mother and child are well.		
SEVENTEEN	REACT communications services also available.	*SIXTY	Wishing you the best of everything on		
	Establish REACT communications with	SIXTY ONE	Wishing you a very merry Christmas and a happy New Year.		
EIGHTEEN	Please contact me as soon as possible at	*SIXTY TWO	Greetings and best wishes to you for a pleasant		
NINETEEN	Request health and welfare report on		holiday season.		
	(State name, address and telephone number.)	SIXTY THREE			
TWENTY	Temporarily stranded. Will need some assistance. Please contact me at		Hope you win.		
994 MT 1 1973 / 40 1 177		SIXTY FOUR	Arrived safely at		
TWENTY ONE	Search and Rescue assistance is needed by local authorities here. Advise availability.	SIXTY FIVE	Arriving on Please arrange to must me there.		
TWENTY TWO	Need accurate information on the extent and type of conditions now existing at your location.	SIXTY SIX	DX QSLs are on hand for you at theQSL Bureau. Sendself addressed envelopes.		
	Please furnish this information and reply without delay.	SIXTY SEVEN	Your message numberundeliverable because of Please advise.		
TWENTY THREE	Report at once the accessibility and best way to reach your location.	SIXTY EIGHT	Sorry to hear you are ill. Best wisher for a speedy recovery.		

"Can be used for all holidays.

ARL NUMBERS SHOULD BE SPELLED OUT AT ALL TIMES.

## AMATEUR RADIO DISASTER WELFARE MESSAGE

NR	PRECEDENCE	нх	STATION	CHECK	PLACE OF	DRIGI!	TIME	+	DATE
	w			ARL					
TO:					TELEPHONE				
STREET									
_	CHECK NOT MOR	E TH				BELOW)			
	ONE	E	veryone safe here	. Please don't	worry.				
	TWO	c	oming home as so	ion as possible.					
	THREE	A	us inh	ospital. Receiv	ving excellent (	care and rec	overing f	ine.	
	FOUR	0	nly slight propert	y damage here	. Do not be co	ncerned ab	out disas	ter re	ports.
	FIVE	FIVE Am moving to new location. Send no further mail or communication. Will inform you of new address when relocated.							
	SIX	W	fill contact you as	soon as possib	ie.				
	SIXTY FOUR	A	rrived safely at _	·					
21.75	ŞI	CNIA	T1:D5			TELEPHO	NF		
	e: Messages should								
Please Not	toll charges is o	ption	al with the delive	ring station.	envery or thes	anges reduii	ing posta	ge or	Telepi-Ore
MESSA	GE ACCEPTED AT		SENT TO	TIME	DATE	OPERA	TOR	CA	LLSIGN
ARRL RI	ECOMMENDED	PRI	ECEDENCES						
message ti	erve the following fic. These promes and in emergen	ovisi	ons are designe						
		•							
Precedenc	es								
EMERGE	Any message having life and death urgency to any person or group of persons, which is transmitted by Amateur Radio in the absence of regular commercial facilities. This includes official messages of welfare agencies during emercies requesting supplies, materials or instructions vital to relief of stroken populace in emergency areas. During normal times, it will be very tore. On CW-RTTY, this designation will always be spelled out. When in doubt, do not use it.								
PRIORIT	Use abbreviation P on CW/RTTY. This classification is for a) important messages having a specific time limit b) official messages not covered in the emergency category c) press dispatches and emergency-related traffic not of the <u>utmost</u> urgency d) notice of death or injury in a disaster area, personal or official.								
WELFAR	This classification, abbreviated as W on CW/RTTY, refers to either an inquiry as to the health and welfare of an individual in the disaster area or an advisory from the disaster area that indicates all is well. Welfare traffic is handled only								

after all emergency and priority traffic is cleared. The Red Cross equivalent to an incoming Welfare message is DWI (Disaster Welfare Inquiry).

Most traffic in normal times will bear this designation. In disaster situations,

traffic labeled Poeting (R on CW, R FTY) should be handled last, or not at all

when circuits are busy with higher precedence traffic.

ROUTINE

## American Scene

### In the Caribbean: Hams and Goats

The only possible landing at the island is not a landing in the usual sense of the word but a place where a boat can be held long enough for men to jump on a wire rope ladder that dangles about 40 ft. from a cantilever catwalk. There is constant danger of the boat being broached by the incoming swell, being smashed against the cliff, being caught and crushed under the cliff or being engulfed by the receding backwash.

-U.S. Coast Guard Warning

hat hint of danger had not dissuaded the nine Americans, most of them normally sedentary landlubbers, from boarding the sturdy 48-ft. fishing trawler Gabriella in Kingston, Jamaica, and heading into the windswept Caribbean on a stomach-churning 124-mile, 15-hour voyage to U.S.-owned Navassa Island, 30 miles west of Haiti. Unaccountably cheerful through the stormy night, the five-man Jamaican crew and the boat's Kingston owner, Gilbert Thompson ("I couldn't trust the responsibility of this trip to just the crew"), kept the craft on course toward its tiny target: a flat-topped limestone rock merely one mile wide and two miles long, with sheer cliffs plunging to the sea. And as the deck of the Gabriella heaved in the 10-ft. waves, so too did many of the Americans.

Why were they spending precious vacation time to live for a week on a hot, deserted pile of boulders and brush? All were amateur radio operators, and each was pursuing the arcane joys of one of that burgeoning hobby's most popular specialties. It is called DXing, meaning long-distance communications. The obsessive goal of diehard DXers is to make at least one contact with each of the 318 "countries" recognized by hams around the world. Under criteria established by the American Radio Relay League, the largest ham organization, Navassa qualifies as one such country because it is more than 225 miles from its governing mainland. But no ham can talk to Navassa unless other amateurs go there to put it on the air. That was the aim of this "DX pedition."

pproaching the island after dawn, the intrepid hams quickly discovered that the Coast Guard's warning had been apt. The wire ladder was there, all right, but the backwash was violent. Transporting gear, including 50 boxes of electronic equipment, three rotatable-beam antennas, two gasoline-powered generators weighing about 150 lbs. each, plus assorted 20-ft.-long steel pipes, bamboo poles, 250-lb. gasoline drums, kegs of drinking water and a week's food supply, looked impossible. Just getting to the

swaying ladder seemed daunting enough.

But the expedition's gruff leader was unfazed. John Ackley (call sign: KP2A) had made a fortune by selling his New Jersey computer firm in 1976, then founded the tax-exempt International DX Foundation to promote worldwide good will by sponsoring such DX peditions. His foundation had supplied all of the radio gear, while the trip's cost (more than \$10,000) was split among the nine operators. Ackley set off with two crewmen in a 12-ft. dinghy, powered by a 25-h.p. outboard motor. One crewman skillfully maneuvered the tiny craft through the heavy seas to put Ackley at the ladder on the crest of a wave. He scrambled up the

16 suspended steps—and the ladder held.

For the next eight hours, the precarious unloading of the Gabriella by slow trips in the pitching dinghy continued, with one wholly unexpected assist. As the hams began setting up the first of four operating sites on a plateau some 100 ft. above the water (but 200 ft. beneath the island's flat top), they heard a warning horn blast from the Gabriella, then a shout on the short-range radio: "Two men are climbing the ladder."

Two stail-looking wooden fishing boats had rounded a rocky point, and their seven occupants were coming ashore. Were they Haitians determined to assert their nation's unsupported 124-year-old claim to the island? Perhaps an advance party of pirates known to seize foreign small craft in the area? No. They pointed to the gear, then to the block and tackle hoisting it and finally to themselves. Stu Greene (WAZMOE), a lawyer

from Peekskill, N.Y., managed to bargain in fractured French. The visitors were from Haiti and would help unload the boat for \$20. The tenderfoot hams were amazed at how their helpers could toss a 75-lb. equipment box on one shoulder and stride barefoot over the sharp rocks to help set up the stations.

By nightfall the hams were on the air, and the strange ritual of DXing began. "This is KP2A-portable KP1," one of the operators said quietly into a microphone. That call signaled the DXpedition's presence on Navassa. Almost immediately occurred what hams call a pile-up. The whole ham world, it seemed, was shouting at Navassa on the same frequency, each

foreign operator yelling his call letters phonetically. Apart from the roar of the numerous U.S. hams, the voices of Japanese amateurs were particularly prevalent, mingling in a hummingbird cacophony strange to the Western ear.

Each contact lasted fewer than ten seconds. Each was then logged by the hams on Navassa; when they returned to the mainland, they would send a QSL ("I acknowledge your transmission") card to each operator confirming the contact. The goal is to collect as many of these cards as possible. Some 200 enthusiasts have cards from all 318 "countries."

For six days, 24 hours a day, the rapid-fire transmissions continued. The island's plentiful goats, graceful V-winged birds and night-prowling rats must have been startled by the strange sounds breaking their normal silence: generators that putt-putted like suburban lawnmowers; American voices repeating over and over,

## "Quick As A Wink Printing & Sales Co-573 Union Street West Springfield. Ma. 01089



#### American Scene

"You are five-nine on Navassa"; the clean, clear whistle of skilled code operators giving similar signal reports to the multitude of distant stations. The men worked in shifts up to six hours long, hunched over logs, struggling to get each plaintive call down accurately.

There were moments of giddy camaraderie in the island's intense heat. When the Jamaican crew captured a goat, Ackley stuck a microphone in its face and elicited an obliging baaa. A ham in Eng-

land laughed back.

By week's end 33,552 hams from as far as Australia and from as unlikely a place as Tristan da Cunha, a South Atlantic island, had radioed Navassa. The repeated shouts of "Thanks for the new country" were satisfying. But each operator had a more personal reason for coming to that Godforsaken rock. "It's the only adventure left to me in this hobby," explained Bob Schenck (N200), a telephone-switching specialist from Tuckerton, N.J. Two years ago, Schenck and Ackley went on a DXpedition to Spratly

Island, in the South China Sea, and got more adventure than they sought. Their boat was fired on by Vietnamese artillery. "It's an ego thing—a whole lot of people get to know your call," said Jim Dionne (K1MEM), a computer expert from Westwood, Mass. "My life was in a rut," added Terry Baxter (N6CW), an avionics technician from La Mesa, Calif., who has made contact with all but two of the countries. "I told my wife, this is something I've got to do."

e di Spe

he most savvy operator on Navassa was Bob Denniston, 63. A former president of national and international ham organizations, he owns a small hote! on Tortola in the British Virgin Islands and a home in Iowa, and has apt call letters, w0Dx. A bearded gent in a pith helmet, Denniston organized two DXpeditions to Clipperton Island, a forbidding rock in the Pacific, 1,800 miles west of the Panama Canal, putting it on the air for the first time in 1954. He went twice in the 1960s to Malpelo Island, 310 miles west of Colombia, initiating the first ham operations there. The mountainside radio sites on Malpelo were pitched at a 45° angle,

and one ham survived a fall into the sea only because his life jacket kept his unconscious body afloat. To Denniston, there is nothing like taking charge of a frequency and controlling all those frantic callers. "I love working a pile-up," he says.

Throughout the hams' stay on Navassa, the sea remained surprisingly calm. But when they broke camp and boarded the Gabriella once again, the winds howled anew and stomachs turned queasy. "I keep asking myself, why do I do this?" muttered Al Fischer (K8CW) of Mansfield, Ohio. But for the one novice DXer aboard, the trip proved fatal. The goat whose baaa was heard round the world was served up as mutton —By Ed Magnuson (W2UB)

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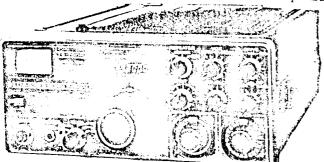
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